

# AMEBIASIS SURVEILLANCE 2004-2008

Rhode Island Department of Health Center for Epidemiology and Infectious Disease

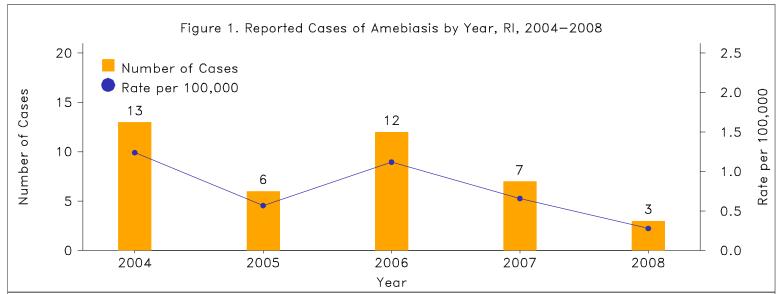


Figure 2. Rate of Amebiasis by Age Group, RI, 2008

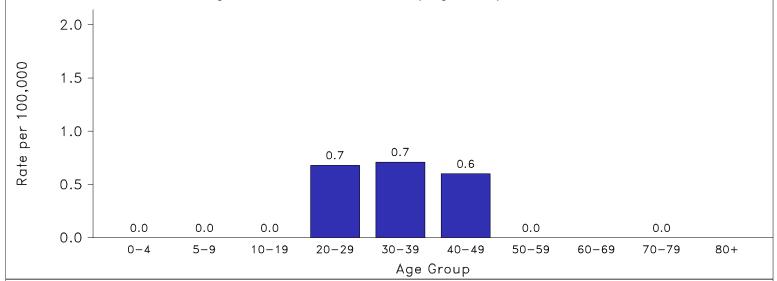


Figure 3. Rate of Amebiasis by Sex and Year, RI, 2006—2008

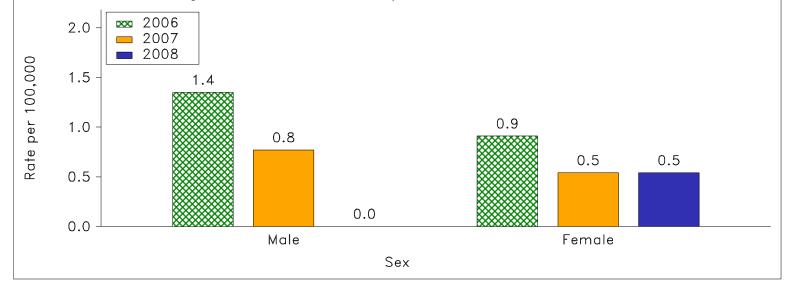




Table 1. Frequency by Year	Year				
1 cai	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>Number of Cases</b>	13	6	12	7	3

Table 2. Rate by Year	Year				
Kate by Tear	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Rate per 100,000	1.2	0.6	1.1	0.7	0.3

Table 3. Frequency by Agegroup and Year	2004	2005	Year 2006	2007	2008
0-4	1	1	1	0	0
5-9	1	0	1	1	0
10-19	0	0	1	3	0
20-29	3	2	3	1	1
30-39	4	1	1	0	1
40-49	2	1	3	0	1
50-59	0	1	2	2	0
60-69	0	0	0	0	0
70-79	2	0	0	0	0
80+	0	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0
All	13	6	12	7	3

- 1. Amebiasis case counts include patients classified as confirmed cases.
- 2. Event date is generated based on the availability of data in the following order: (1) illness onset date; (2) specimen collection date; (3) date of report to public health agency.
- 3. Rate is calculated per 100,000 population. The population denominator is based on US Census Population. (Rates for 2003-2005 use 2000 Census data. Rates for 2006-2008 use 2006 Census data.)

Table 4. Rate by Agegroup and Year			Year		
and I car	2004   2005   2006   2007   2				
0-4	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
5-9	1.4	0.0	1.6	1.6	0.0
10-19	0.0	0.0	0.7	2.0	0.0
20-29	2.2	1.5	2.1	0.7	0.7
30-39	2.5	0.6	0.7	0.0	0.7
40-49	1.3	0.6	1.8	0.0	0.6
50-59	0.0	0.9	1.4	1.4	0.0
60-69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00
70-79	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
80+	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00

Table 5. Frequency by Sex and Year			Year		
and I car	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Female	4	1	5	3	3
Male	9	5	7	4	0
All	13	6	12	7	3

Table 6. Rate by Sex and Year			Year		
1 cai	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Female	0.7	0.2	0.9	0.5	0.5
Male	1.8	1.0	1.4	0.8	0.0

- 1. Amebiasis case counts include patients classified as confirmed cases.
- 2. Event date is generated based on the availability of data in the following order: (1) illness onset date; (2) specimen collection date; (3) date of report to public health agency.
- 3. Rate is calculated per 100,000 population. The population denominator is based on US Census Population. (Rates for 2003-2005 use 2000 Census data. Rates for 2006-2008 use 2006 Census data.)

Table 7. Frequency by County and Year			Year		
anu Tear	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Bristol	1	0	1	0	0
Kent	2	2	0	0	0
Newport	3	0	1	1	0
Providence	4	2	9	6	3
Washington	3	2	1	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0
All	13	6	12	7	3

Table 8. Rate by County and Year			Year		
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Bristol	1.9	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0
Kent	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Newport	3.5	0.0	1.2	1.2	0.0
Providence	0.6	0.3	1.4	0.9	0.5
Washington	2.3	1.6	0.8	0.0	0.0

Table 9. Frequency by Month and Year			Year		
and I car	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
January	0	0	0	0	1
February	2	0	0	1	0
March	0	1	4	2	1
April	0	1	5	2	1
May	1	0	0	1	0
June	1	0	1	0	0
July	2	0	0	0	0

(Continued)

- 1. Amebiasis case counts include patients classified as confirmed cases.
- 2. Event date is generated based on the availability of data in the following order: (1) illness onset date; (2) specimen collection date; (3) date of report to public health agency.
- 3. Rate is calculated per 100,000 population. The population denominator is based on US Census Population. (Rates for 2003-2005 use 2000 Census data. Rates for 2006-2008 use 2006 Census data.)

Table 9. Frequency by Month and Year			Year		
and Tear	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
August	0	0	0	0	0
September	2	0	0	0	0
October	3	1	0	0	0
November	0	1	0	0	0
December	2	2	2	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	1	0
All	13	6	12	7	3

- 1. Amebiasis case counts include patients classified as confirmed cases.
- 2. Event date is generated based on the availability of data in the following order: (1) illness onset date; (2) specimen collection date; (3) date of report to public health agency.
- 3. Rate is calculated per 100,000 population. The population denominator is based on US Census Population. (Rates for 2003-2005 use 2000 Census data. Rates for 2006-2008 use 2006 Census data.)