CHILDHOOD LEAD EXPOSURE INCIDENCE
Changes from 2010-2011 to 2012-2013

Difference in % points
-5.2 to -2.8
-2.7 to -1.8
-1.7 to -1.3
-1.1 to +0.0
+0.1 to +3.0

** A negative number (-) indicates a decrease over time, while a positive number (+) indicates an increase in the percent of children tested with a blood lead level at or above 5 µ/dL from 2010-2011 to 2012-2013.

Note: Childhood lead exposure incidence (EBLLs) identifies children who tested at or above blood lead levels of 5 µ/dL for the first time in the given time period. Children who tested at or above blood lead levels of 5 µ/dL before the given time period are excluded from the numerator and denominator.

Prepared by The Providence Plan, 2014

Sources: Lead Elimination Surveillance System; Rhode Island Department of Health; Rhode Island GIS